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<u>Olga Sm. Franz</u> Printed Name	<u>Olga Sm Franz</u> Signature

PATENT APPLICATION
IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

The Accompanying Application

Applicants : Briner et al.

For : Aminoalkylbenzofurans: Serotonin Agonists

Docket No. : X-11594

ENTRY INTO U.S. NATIONAL PHASE UNDER PCT CHAPTER II

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.121 AND REMARKS
PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.111

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D. C. 20231

Sir:

This is a preliminary amendment accompanying a PCT Chapter II filing of PCT International Application No. PCT/US00/01342. Prior to examination of the above-identified application, entry of the following amendments is respectfully requested.

AMENDMENTS

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claim 6 as follows:

6. (once amended) A method of [any of] Claim[s] 3[, 4, or 5] where the mammal is human.

Please add claims 7 and 8 as follows:

7. (new) A method of Claim 4 where the mammal is human;

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8. (new) A method of Claim 5 where the mammal is human.

It is respectfully submitted that entry of the amendments submitted herewith introduce no new matter to the application. Claims 7 and 8 have been added to eliminate multiple dependencies. These amendments are not intended to affect the scope of the claims or limit the scope of the equivalents available to limitations thereof. A current set of all claims is attached herewith for the convenience of the Examiner.

It is respectfully submitted that the application is now in order for allowance.

Respectfully submitted,



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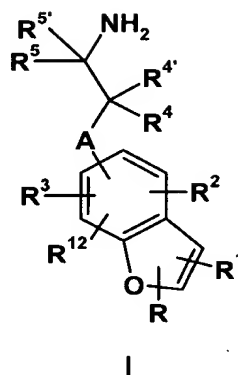
Eli Lilly and Company
Patent Division/DC1104
Lilly Corporate Center
Indianapolis, Indiana 46285

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We Claim

1. The compounds of Formula I:



where:

A is $-\text{CHR}^{13}-$ or a bond;

R is hydrogen, halo, cyano, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^6\text{R}^7$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, carboxy, or phenyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy;

R^1 is hydrogen, halo, cyano, carboxamido, formyl, trimethylsilyl, trifluoromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl;

R^2 and R^3 are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, nitro, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, cyano, carboxamido, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^8\text{R}^9$, $-\text{NR}^{10}\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^{14}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, carboxyl, trifluoromethyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, and phenyl;

R^4 and $\text{R}^{4'}$ are independently hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl; or R^4 and $\text{R}^{4'}$ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R^5 is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl;

$R^{5'}$ is hydrogen, or R^5 and $R^{5'}$ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R^6 and R^7 are independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^9 is C_1 - C_8 alkyl where the alkyl chain is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of carboxy, phenyl, or pyridyl, said phenyl or pyridyl substituent optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;

R^{10} is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

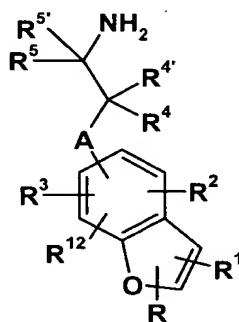
R^{11} is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_1 - C_4 acyl;

R^{12} is hydrogen, halo, or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^{13} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or benzyl;

R^{14} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, and C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;
or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof.

2. A pharmaceutical formulation which comprises, in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent or excipient, a compound of Formula I:



where:

A is $-CHR^{13}-$ or a bond;

R is hydrogen, halo, cyano, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^6\text{R}^7$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, carboxy, or phenyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy;

R^1 is hydrogen, halo, cyano, carboxamido, formyl, trimethylsilyl, trifluoromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl;

R^2 and R^3 are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, nitro, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, cyano, carboxamido, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^8\text{R}^9$, $-\text{NR}^{10}\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^{14}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, carboxyl, trifluoromethyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, and phenyl;

R^4 and $\text{R}^{4'}$ are independently hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl; or R^4 and $\text{R}^{4'}$ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R^5 is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl;

$\text{R}^{5'}$ is hydrogen, or R^5 and $\text{R}^{5'}$ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R^6 and R^7 are independently hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl;

R^9 is $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_8$ alkyl where the alkyl chain is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of carboxy, phenyl, or pyridyl, said phenyl or pyridyl substituent optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy;

R^{10} is hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl;

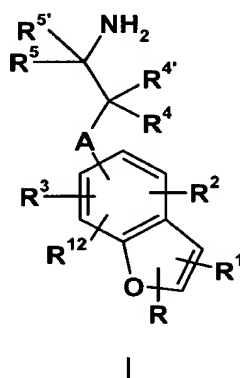
R^{11} is $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ acyl;

R^{12} is hydrogen, halo, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl;

R^{13} is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl;

R^{14} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, and C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;
or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof.

3. A method for increasing activation of the 5-HT_{2C} receptor in mammals, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such activation a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I:



where:

A is $-CHR^{13}-$ or a bond;

R is hydrogen, halo, cyano, $-C(O)NR^6R^7$, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, carbonyl, carboxy, or phenyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, and C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;

R^1 is hydrogen, halo, cyano, carboxamido, formyl, trimethylsilyl, trifluoromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

R^2 and R^3 are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, nitro, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, cyano, carboxamido, $-C(O)NR^8R^9$, $-NR^{10}R^{11}$, $-NHC(O)NHR^{14}$, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, carbonyl, trifluoromethyl, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, and phenyl;

R⁴ and R^{4'} are independently hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl; or R⁴ and R^{4'} together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl;

R^{5'} is hydrogen, or R⁵ and R^{5'} together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R⁶ and R⁷ are independently hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R⁸ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R⁹ is C₁-C₈ alkyl where the alkyl chain is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of carboxy, phenyl, or pyridyl, said phenyl or pyridyl substituent optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or C₁-C₄ alkoxy;

R¹⁰ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R¹¹ is C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₁-C₄ acyl;

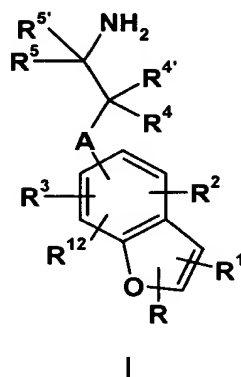
R¹² is hydrogen, halo, or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R¹³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl;

R¹⁴ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and C₁-C₄ alkoxy;

or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof.

4. A method for the treatment of obesity in mammals, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound of Formula I:



where:

A is $-\text{CHR}^{13}-$ or a bond;

R is hydrogen, halo, cyano, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^6\text{R}^7$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, carbonyl, carboxy, or phenyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy;

R^1 is hydrogen, halo, cyano, carboxamido, formyl, trimethylsilyl, trifluoromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl;

R^2 and R^3 are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, nitro, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, cyano, carboxamido, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^8\text{R}^9$, $-\text{NR}^{10}\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^{14}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, carbonyl, carboxyl, trifluoromethyl, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, and phenyl;

R^4 and $\text{R}^{4'}$ are independently hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl; or R^4 and $\text{R}^{4'}$ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R^5 is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or benzyl;

$\text{R}^{5'}$ is hydrogen, or R^5 and $\text{R}^{5'}$ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R^6 and R^7 are independently hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl;

R^9 is C_1 - C_8 alkyl where the alkyl chain is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of carboxy, phenyl, or pyridyl, said phenyl or pyridyl substituent optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;

R^{10} is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^{11} is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_1 - C_4 acyl;

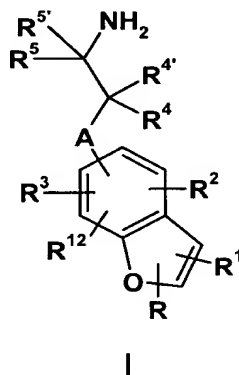
R^{12} is hydrogen, halo, or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^{13} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or benzyl;

R^{14} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, and C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;

or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof.

5. A method for the treatment of depression in mammals, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound of Formula I:



where:

A is $-CHR^{13}-$ or a bond;

R is hydrogen, halo, cyano, $-C(O)NR^6R^7$, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, or phenyl optionally substituted with one or two

substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and C₁-C₄ alkoxy;

R¹ is hydrogen, halo, cyano, carboxamido, formyl, trimethylsilyl, trifluoromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

R² and R³ are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, nitro, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, cyano, carboxamido, -C(O)NR⁸R⁹, -NR¹⁰R¹¹, -NHC(O)NHR¹⁴, C₁-C₄ alkoxy carbonyl, carboxyl, trifluoromethyl, or C₁-C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, and phenyl;

R⁴ and R^{4'} are independently hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl; or R⁴ and R^{4'} together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl;

R^{5'} is hydrogen, or R⁵ and R^{5'} together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl moiety;

R⁶ and R⁷ are independently hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R⁸ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R⁹ is C₁-C₈ alkyl where the alkyl chain is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of carboxy, phenyl, or pyridyl, said phenyl or pyridyl substituent optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or C₁-C₄ alkoxy;

R¹⁰ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R¹¹ is C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₁-C₄ acyl;

R¹² is hydrogen, halo, or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R¹³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl;

R¹⁴ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and C₁-C₄ alkoxy;
or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof.

6. (once amended) A method of [any of] Claim[s] 3[, 4, or 5] where the mammal is human[;]
7. (new) A method of Claim 4 where the mammal is human;
8. (new) A method of Claim 5 where the mammal is human.